

# IN 2013

construction workers  
in Idaho averaged

**\$39,000**/yr.

THAT'S 6% MORE  
THAN ALL PRIVATE  
SECTOR EMPLOYEES  
IN THE STATE



TODAY



+11,600  
JOBS

2022

IT IS ESTIMATED THAT IDAHO WILL  
ADD 11,600 JOBS TO THE CONSTRUCTION  
INDUSTRY BY 2022.

THAT'S A 39.3% INCREASE, MAKING  
IT THE FASTEST GROWING JOB  
MARKET IN IDAHO BY PERCENTAGE.

(sources: Idaho Dept. of Labor, U.S. Bureau of  
Labor Statistics)

## 2014 NATIONAL STATISTICS:

CONSTRUCTION  
MANAGERS

ELECTRICIANS

CONSTRUCTION  
LABORERS

CARPENTERS

EQUIPMENT  
OPERATORS



YEARLY

**\$93,200**

**\$53,760**

**\$36,180**

**\$53,760**

**\$50,260**

HOURLY

**\$44.81**

**\$25.84**

**\$17.40**

**\$21.94**

**\$24.16**

Construction and extraction occupations are projected to grow 21.4% between 2012 and 2022 nationally, as compared to an overall job growth of 10.8% for all occupations.

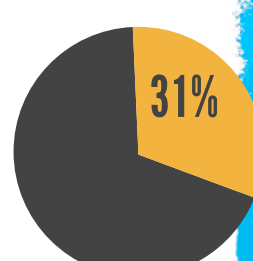
The construction and extraction industry is projected to be the third fastest growing industry in the nation by percentage between 2012 and 2022.

In 2013, annual pay of all construction workers in the United States averaged \$53,200. That's 7% more than the average for all private sector employees in the country.

## BENEFITS

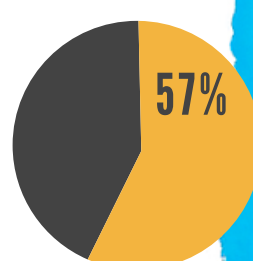
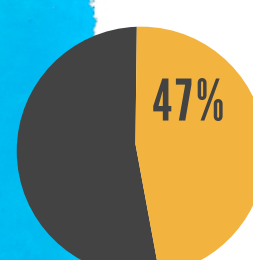
National Compensation Survey: Employee  
Benefits in the United States, March 2014

U.S. Department of Labor  
U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics,  
September 2014



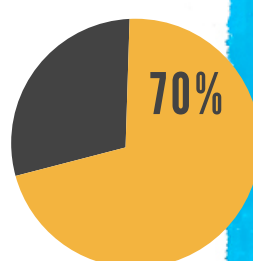
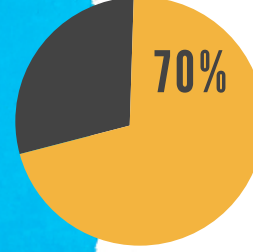
31% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
ESTABLISHMENTS OFFERED  
RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

47% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
ESTABLISHMENT OFFERED HEALTH  
CARE BENEFITS.



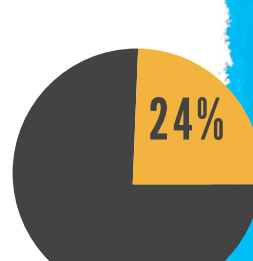
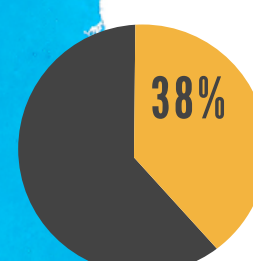
57% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD ACCESS TO  
RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

70% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE.



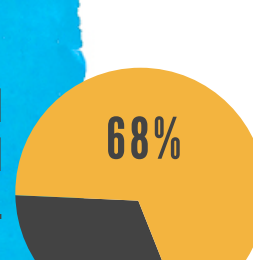
70% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD ACCESS TO MEDICAL CARE.

38% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD DENTAL CARE ACCESS.  
(31% PARTICIPATED)



24% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD VISION CARE ACCESS.  
(21% PARTICIPATED)

68% OF PRIVATE INDUSTRY CONSTRUCTION  
WORKERS HAD OUTPATIENT PRESCRIPTION  
DRUG ACCESS.  
(52% PARTICIPATED)



## MEDICAL CARE BENEFITS

### SINGLE COVERAGE



20% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYEE.

80% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYER.

### FAMILY COVERAGE



36% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYEE.

64% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYER.

### SINGLE COVERAGE



21% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYEE.

79% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYER.

### FAMILY COVERAGE



32% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYEE.

68% OF PREMIUMS  
WERE PAID BY  
THE EMPLOYER.

PRIVATE  
INDUSTRY  
WORKERS  
VS.  
ALL  
INDUSTRY  
WORKERS